

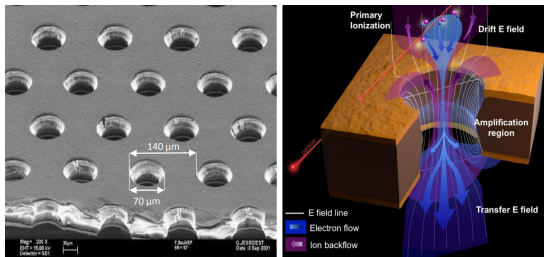
# FTM detector for fast timing applications

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June 28, 2019



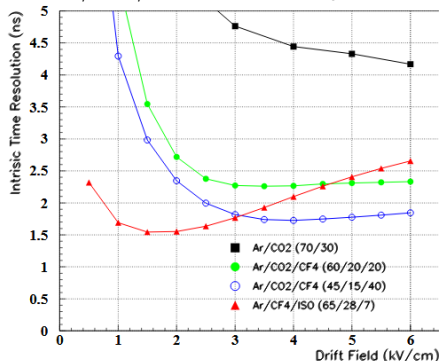
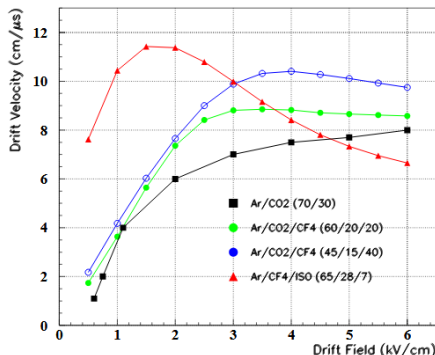
# MPGD: Micro-Pattern Gaseous Detector



- High rate capability
- Good spatial resolution
- Flexible geometry, large areas coverage
- Gain limitation:  $\sim 10^3$  for a single stage (GEM)
- Time resolution of few ns, not sufficient for fast time applications, such as triggering at high luminosity and medical applications.

# Drift velocity and time resolution (GEM)

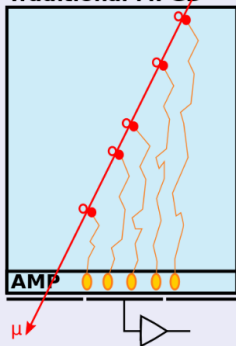
<https://cds.cern.ch/record/940631/files/thesis-2006-013.pdf>



Gas Mixture	Drift velocity (drift field)	< Clusters/mm >	Intrinsic time resolution
Ar/CO <sub>2</sub> (70/30)	7 cm/μs (@3 kV/cm)	3.3	4.7 ns (@3 kV/cm)
Ar/CO <sub>2</sub> /CF <sub>4</sub> (60/20/20)	9 cm/μs (@3 kV/cm)	5	2.3 ns (@3 kV/cm)
Ar/CO <sub>2</sub> /CF <sub>4</sub> (45/15/40)	10.5 cm/μs (@3.5 kV/cm)	5.5	1.7 ns (@3.5 kV/cm)
Ar/CF <sub>4</sub> /iso-C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>10</sub> (65/28/7)	11.5 cm/μs (@2kV/cm)	5.7	1.5 ns (@2 kV/cm)

# Fast timing MPGD (FTM)

## Traditional MPGD



$\sigma_t$  driven by distance fluct's

$$\sigma_t \propto 1/(\lambda v_{\text{drift}})$$

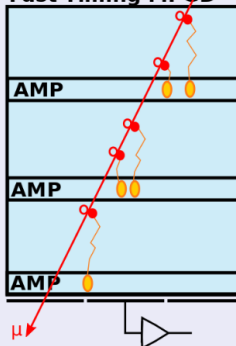
$$\lambda = \# \text{ primary cls}$$

electron-ion pairs  
created close to  
amplification structure  
result in fast signals

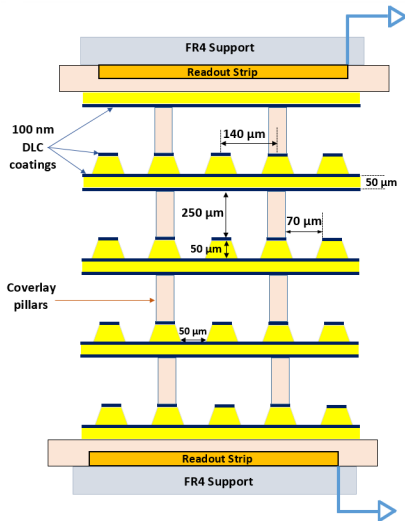
**Fast Timing MPGD:**  
split drift volume in  $N$   
layers, each with own  
amplification structure

$$\sigma_t \propto 1/(\lambda v_{\text{drift}} N)$$

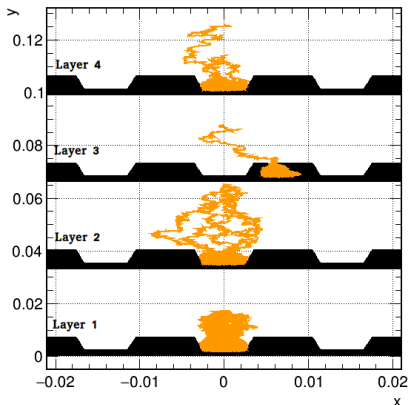
## Fast Timing MPGD



# FTM Detector layout



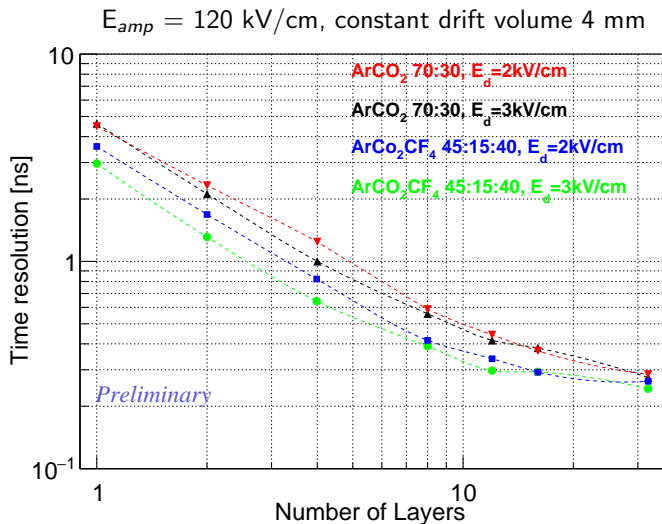
- European Patent Application 14200153.6  
M. Maggi, A. Sharma, R. De Oliveira.
- Simulations with ANSYS (fields) and  
(Garfield++ detector and charge transport)



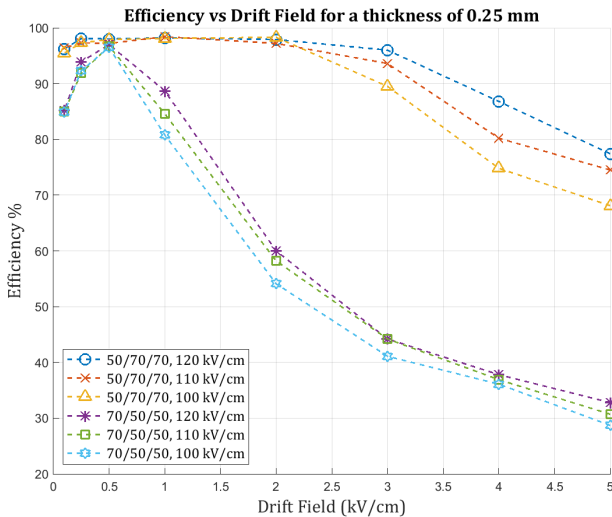
# Parameters

- Drift field
- Amplification field
- Gas mixture
- Hole geometry
- Gap thickness
- Number of layers
- Electron threshold
- etc.

## Time resolution

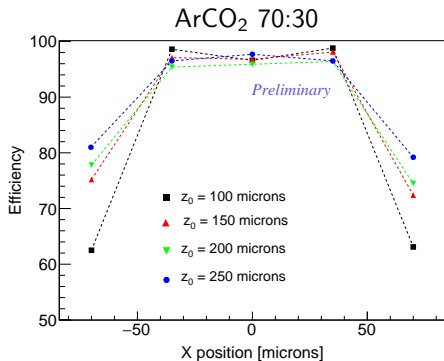
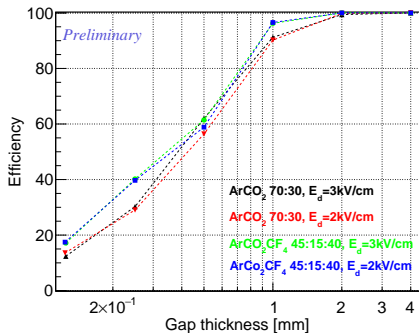


# Fields and hole geometry



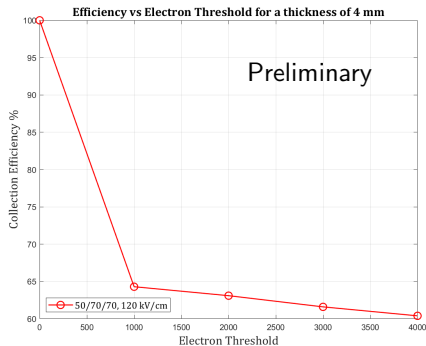
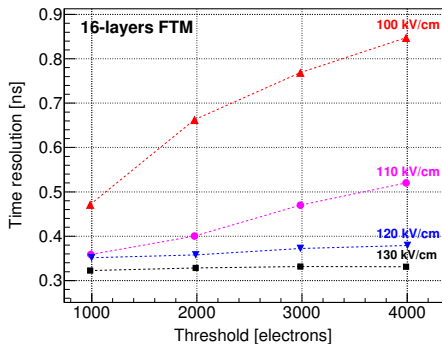


# Gap thickness / vertical position

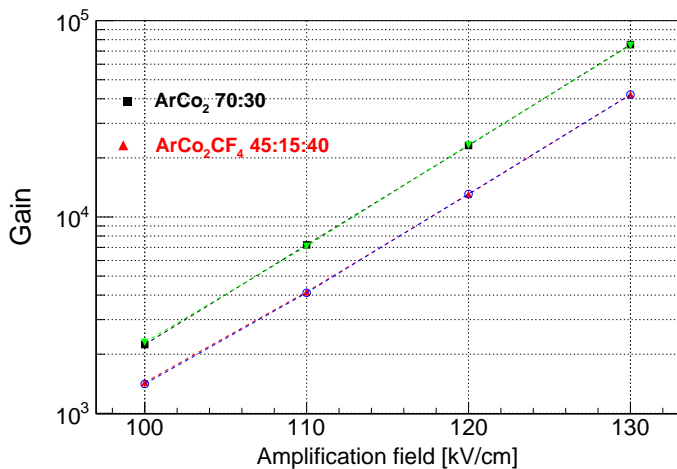


# Electron avalanche threshold

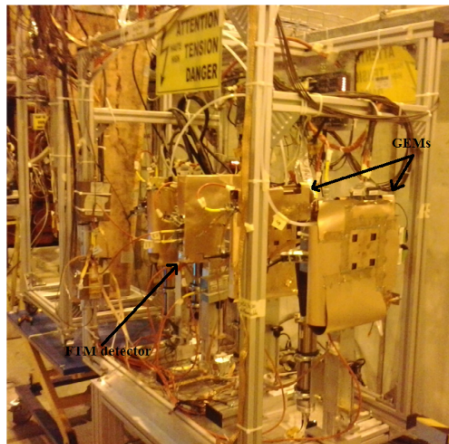
$E_d = 3 \text{ kV/cm}$ , total drift volume 4 mm (16 x 250 microns)



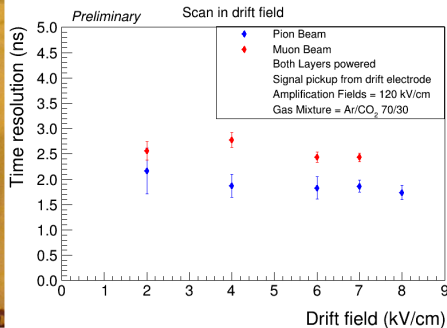
## Gain



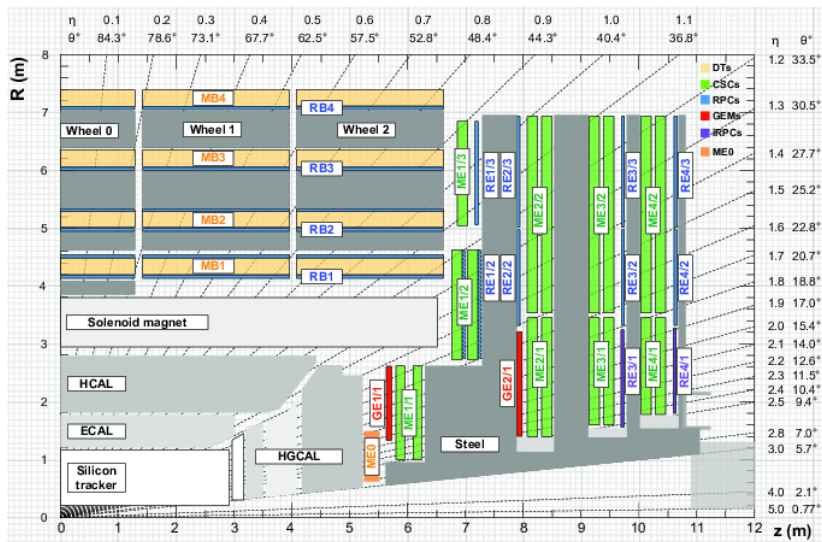
# 2 layers FTM



Tests performed at SPS-CERN  
Nucl. Instr. Meth.A 845 (2017),313



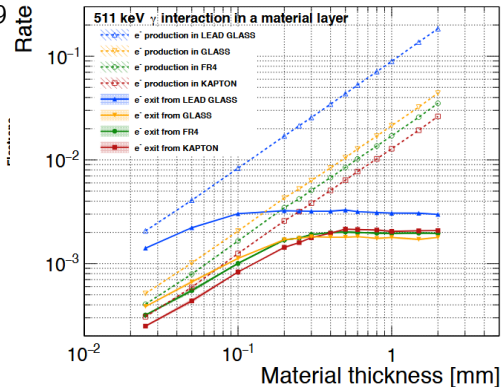
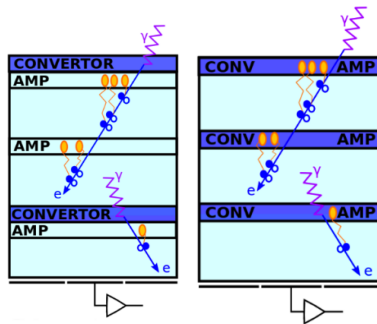
# Future HEP experiments



## TOF-PET

Simulations with GEANT4

Nucl. Instr. Meth.A 936 (2019),449



Thank you for your attention